The Irish Social Science Data Archive

Presentation to the 8th UL Winter School in Social Science Research Methods



Irish Social Science Data Archive

Background

Founded in 2000 as a joint initiative of University College Dublin and the Economic and Social Research Institute, with the support of the Central Statistics Office

Housed in UCD; originally in the Geary Institute; July 2012 moved to UCD Library

Objectives

Provides a central access point for quantitative social science / public health data produced in Ireland; for research purposes

Ensures wider access to datasets

Facilitates secondary analysis

Facilitates the wider acquisition of data analysis skills – teaching as well as research use



Quantitative Data held by ISSDA

Microdata

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* Quantitative

- Expresses data
 statistically or numerically
- * Examples
 - The number of people who commit crimes each year
 - * 30 per cent of voters
 regularly vote Fine Gael
 - The *rate* of suicide p.a. is one in every thousand

- Data on individuals, households, business enterprises, discreet activities , etc.
- Via surveys, observation, administrative records
- Often aggregated to give larger picture
- Produced by state agencies, polling agencies, organisations, researchers
- Includes government studies: household surveys (e.g. Household Budget Survey), cohort studies, longitudinal studies (e.g. GUI, TILDA)
 - Otherwise mostly one-off studies, or in waves
 - Individual distribution (e.g. official website), by publication, and/or data archive such as ISSDA



Qualitative Data

- Data that are not numerical e.g.
 - * Fieldnotes
 - * Interviews
 - Focus Groups
 - Open-ended questions in surveys
 - * Diaries
 - * Direct observations
 - Film / audio / photographs

Captures the quality of people's behaviour. Qualitative data says something about the way people experience the social world and can be used to understand the meanings people give to behaviour

- * Examples
 - Boyle (1977) studied the behaviour of a juvenile gang from the viewpoint of its members
 - Goffman (1968) tried to understand the experiences of patients in an American mental institution



Data Repositories / Archives

Acquire datasets from producers

- * Maintain and build relationships with key data providers
- Increasingly research grants are awarded on condition that data are deposited with an appropriate archive – part of the changing landscape that is "Open Access"
- * Anonymised
- * Make datasets available to users
 - Promoting ISSDA and specific datasets
 - * Presentations, webpages, twitter
 - Supporting users application process, queries, referrals to data providers
- Preserve datasets for future use

ISSDA = CONTENT, SERVICE AND PRESERVATION



Data

Primary data

Secondary data

- Dataset collected by researcher for the specific purpose or analysis under consideration
- Research design and data collection processes are known
- Data collected to answer specific questions

- Dataset collected by someone else for some other purpose
- Researcher using secondary data for analysis purposes did not participate in research design or data collection process
- Data not collected to answer specific research questions



Secondary Data Analysis : Advantages

- Use of existing data (e.g. from surveys and censuses) to test new ideas
 - * Cost effective
 - * Time saving
 - * Can spend bulk of time analysing data
 - * Breadth of data available
 - * Many surveys available even in an Irish context



Secondary Data Analysis : Disadvantages

- Data not collected to answer your specific research questions
 - Therefore particular information you would like to have may not have been collected
 - May not have been collected in the geographic region you want to study
 - * Or in the years you would have chosen
 - * Or on the specific population that is the focus of your interest
 - Variables may have been defined or categorised differently than you would have chosen e.g. Race only as White / Other (rather than specific ethnicity)



Secondary Data Analysis : Disadvantages

- Data collection process: may not be known how it was done or how well it was done
- * How seriously might the data be affected by a low response rate?
 - For both of the above check the methodological report
- * Anonymisation of data may be quite extensive
- Check out the documentation of the data collection procedures, data cleaning procedures and other technical information



Locating Secondary Data

- Start with your research question and then seek the data?
- Check out the available secondary datasets and then formulate a research question?
- * Example:
 - How does the experience of racism affect an individual's health?



- Specify the population e.g. Children, adults, what ethnicities? National sample or restricted to a particular area?
- What variables? E.g. Race, age, gender, income, educational level
- What kind of data? E.g. Best addressed through a national survey, examination of hospital claims records, etc.
- Create a list of possible datasets that include information related to your research question...interactive process, may have to revise either your question or your data requirements depending on the data available to you
- Once dataset chosen examine the variables (what data might be missing); read documentation on data collection process, data cleaning procedures etc.

www.ucd.ie/issda



Irish Social Science Data Archive

The Irish Social Science Data Archive (ISSDA) is Ireland's leading centre for quantitative data acquisition, preservation, and dissemination. Based at <u>UCD Library</u>, its mission is to ensure wide access to quantitative datasets in the social sciences, and to advance the promotion of international comparative studies of the Irish economy and Irish society.

	Central Statis	Economic and Research Inst		Growing up ir		Interuniversit Consortium fo and Social Re		Survey of Life Attitudes and
CSO	The CSO is the statistical age collection of in relating to eco social and gen activities and in Ireland.	Europe's leadi centres in the sciences, focu economic and	ving U	understanding aspects of chil	SR	ICPSR maintai archive of mor 500,000 files o in the social so provides traini quantitative m social research	N	SLÁN is a natio of the lifestyle and nutrition c living in Irelan



	DA bata Archive							
Home Data Nesstar	ICPSR Deposit Data News About Us H	lelp						
You are here: Home /ISSDA / Data								
	Data							
Adapting to Diversity: Irish schools and newcomer students	Application Procedures							
Ageism and Ageing	Research/Educational Purposes							
Ageishi anu Ageing	The data held by ISSDA can be ordered via this <u>request form</u> (MS is also accessible on the webpages for the respective datasets. T	Word), which						
All Ireland Traveller Health Study	is also accessible on the webpages for the respective datasets. I End User Licence, and users are legally bound by its terms. Plea that the form is fully completed and signed, otherwise, your applic returned to you.	ise make sure						
CDI: Community Safety CDI: Process Evaluation	Completed EUL/application forms can be scanned and emailed to issda@ucd.ie; alternatively, the forms can be posted to the ISSD.	o: A office:	-					
CDI: Process Evaluation	Irish Social Science Data Archive (ISSDA), UCD Library, Level 3, University College Dublin,							
Children's Sport Participation and Physical Activity (CSPPA)	Belfield, Dublin 4,							
	Ireland Teaching Purposes							
CoHeart	Some of the datasets can be used for teaching purposes. Please	check the						
Commission for Energy Regulation (CER)	dataset table below. There is a separate request form for teaching and you can find this on the individual dataset pages, where appli note that there may be additional delays with the application proc some of the datasets, as the data providers may need to be cons	g purposes, cable. Please edure for						
Doodle Den	feel free to <u>contact us</u> with any queries.			Infant Cohort				
				Wave2 (3yrs)				
		<u>Growing U</u>	lp in Ireland	Child Cohort	Department of Children and Youth	0 mm ha to ICCD 0	Research	CRCC
		(GUI)		Wave1 (9yrs)	Affairs, Department of Social Protection, CSO, ESRI and TCD	Apply to ISSDA	Teaching	SPSS
				Wave1 (Time	CSO, ESRI and TCD			
				Use Data)				
				Wave2				
				(13yrs)				
			Dudaat	1987 1994/95				SPSS, Stata, SAS,CSV (1987, 1994/95,
		Household Survey (H		1999/2000 2004/05 2009/10	CSO	Apply to ISSDA	Research	1999/2000) SPSS, Stata (2004/05) SAS, CSV (2009/10)

(2009/10)



Datasets

- ISSDA main sources of data
 - CSO
 - * ESRI
 - * Major research projects
 - Commission for Energy Regulation

* CSO

- Household Budget Survey
- Quarterly National Household Survey
- EU-SILC (Survey of Income & Living Conditions)
- National Travel Survey

* ESRI

- Growing Up in Ireland (GUI)
- National Survey on Contraception and Pregnancy
- National Survey of Housing Quality

Major research projects

- The All-Ireland Traveller Health Study
- Children's Sport Participation and Physical Activity
- * Survey on Lifestyle And Nutrition (SLáN)
- The Irish Longitudinal Study on Aging (TILDA)
- Doodle Den: Évaluation of the effectiveness of the Childhood Development Initiative's Doodle Den Literacy Programme, 2008-2011
- * Etc.
- Commission for Energy Regulation
 - Smart Metering Project data (gas and electricity)



From Survey to Dataset

- * **Dataset:** is the collective of all the questions that were asked in a survey and all the answers provided by all the respondents.
- Variable Name: survey questions are translated into variables and given a short name that is generally loosely based on the phrasing of the question. All the possible answers to each of the questions are allocated a numerical code.
- * Variable Label: provides a more detailed description of the question than the Variable Name, as it can contain many more characters.
- Codebook/Data Dictionary: in order to be able to translate between the codes and the answers, a codebook is created. The codebook lists all the survey questions with the appropriate variable names and for each question it provides the different answer possibilities and the codes that were dedicated to each answer. Codes used to indicate non-response and missing data are also included. A data dictionary is a form of machine-

Depositing Studies to ISSDA

Dataset

Can accept most formats – SPSS, SAS, Stata, CSV, etc.

• Documentation

- Questionnaires / codebooks (in-depth explanation of questionnaire, plus summary statistics)
- Technical information weights, sampling, constructed variables, regional variables

• Anonymisation

- Data providers remove direct identifier variables names, addresses
- Data providers may need to recode or combine variables in cases of small numbers (e.g. ages)



Deposit Data Tab



DEPOSIT DATA

WHY DEPOSIT?

Sharing your data via ISSDA ensures that your data will be professionally curated, will be easily accessible to users now and in the future, and will help to increase the impact and visibility of your own research.

More information on the importance of data sharing is available from UCD's Research Data Management guide: <u>http://libguides.ucd.ie/data/sharing</u>

WHO CAN DEPOSIT?

We acquire data from academic, research bodies and public sector sources, supporting:

- Archival preservation
- Secondary use and analysis for research
- Teaching and learning use
- Replication and validation of research

We are happy to discuss any offers of data that come within the thematic scope of the ISSDA collections; broadly, these relate to Irish society and include the societal aspects of environmental and medical data. Please see ISSDA's <u>Collection Development Policy</u> for an outline for the scope of our collections and criteria for evaluating datasets.

HOW TO DEPOSIT

1. Preparing data for deposit



Depositing Studies to ISSDA

Geographical Coverage

Country: Ireland Region: Dublin County: Dublin Town: Tallaght West

Administrative unit: 7 schools

Other geography:

Methods of data collection

Select from list or provide free text using the "other" box:

~	PAPI (Paper and Pencil Interviewing):
	With interviewer (face to face, telephone or other)
✓	PAPI (Paper and Pencil Interviewing):
	Self-completion (distributed by post, email or other)





CSTAR: Centre for Support and Training in Analysis and Research www.cstar.ie

- Prior to deposit to ISSDA all data studies are checked by CSTAR and a report submitted on:
 - General observations
 - * Suitability for deposit to ISSDA (e.g. data quality, anonymisation, provision of contextual / descriptive information for users)
 - * Specific actions to address the above, where necessary



Growing Up in Ireland

Study documentation

- Guides (PDF):
 - Wave 1: Infant Cohort
 - Wave 1: Child Cohort
 - Wave 1: Child Cohort Time Use Data
 - Wave 2: Infant Cohort



- Data dictionaries (PDF): <u>Wave 1: Child Cohort</u> <u>Wave 1: Infant Cohort</u> -<u>Wave 2: Infant Cohort</u>
- Questionnaires (PDF): <u>Wave 1: Child Cohort</u> <u>Wave 1: Infant Cohort</u> <u>Wave</u> <u>2: Infant Cohort</u>
- Sample designs (PDF): <u>Wave 1 : Child Cohort Design Sample</u> -<u>Wave 1:</u> <u>Infant Cohort</u>
- Variable naming and longitudinal data dictionary (PDF): Wave 1 & 2: Infant Cohort



GUI Summary Guide

- Background to the study
- * Sample design (for each cohort)
- Instrument development (design and piloting)
- * Fieldwork and implementation (how it was carried out)
- Structure and content of the data files (e.g. main respondent, variable names, scaled measures used)
- * Ethical considerations



GUI Questionnaires

G. CHILD'S ACTIVITIES

Now I would like to ask you about some of the Study Child's day-to-day activities.

G1. [Show Card G1] Looking at Card G1, on a normal weekday during term time, how many hours does the Study Child spend watching television, videos or DVDs? Please remember to include time before school as well as time after school?

None	3 hours to less than 5 hours
Less than an hour	5 hours to less than 7 hours
1 hour to less than 3 hours	7 hours or more

G2. [Show Card G2] Looking at Card G2, on a normal weekday during term time, about how many hours does the Study Child spend reading for pleasure [NOT during school hours]? Include time when the child reads to themselves or is read to by someone else. Do not include time spent listening to books on audio tapes, records, cds or a computer.

None
Less than an hour $\overline{\square}_2$
1 hour to less than 3 hours
3 hours to less than 5 hours

5 hours to less than 7 hours	
7 hours or more	
Child can't read	

G3. [Show Card G3] Looking at Card G3, on a normal weekday, during term-time, about how much time does the Study Child spend using the computer. Please include time before school as well as time after school. DO NOT include time spent using computers in school.

None	3 hours to less than 5 hours
Less than an hour	5 hours to less than 7 hours
1 hour to less than 3 hours	7 hours or more \Box_6

GUI Data Dictionary (Codebook)

- Provides information on every variable in the dataset, including:
 - * Label
 - * Type of variable
 - * Measurement level
 - * Valid values



MMA4

		Value
Standard Attributes	Position	8
	Label	A4.How many people in household
	Туре	Numeric
	Measurement	Nominal
Valid Values	1	one
	2	two
	3	three
	4	four
	5	five
	6	six
	7	seven or more

mma5ap1

		Value
Standard Attributes	Position	9
	Label	Gender P1
	Туре	Numeric
	Measurement	Nominal
Valid Values	1	male
	2	female
Missing Values	8	Refusal
	9	Dontknow



GUI: Variable Naming Conventions and Longitudinal Data Dictionary for Waves 1 & 2 of the Infant Cohort

T	h	1	.,		·)	τ		·	
TopicCat	Varname	9mthName	9mthLabel	9mthRMF	9mthAMF	3yrname	3yrlabel	3yr RMF	3yr AMF
нс	pHC26a	genderp6out	Gender Child Outside Hsd 6	yes	no	b2extsib6_sex	Sex of sixth sibling outside hsd - Wave 2	yes	no
нс	pHC26b	MMagep6out	Age last birthday Child Outside Hsd 6	yes	no	b2extsib6_age	Age in years of fifth external sibling Wave 2	yes	no
нс	pHC26c			_		b2extsib6_relc	Relationship to study child of sixth sibling outside hsd - Wave 2	yes	no
HC	pHC27a	genderp7out	Gender Child Outside Hsd 7	yes	no	4			
нс	pHC27b	MMagep7out	Age last birthday Child Outside Hsd 7	ves	no				
нс	pHC27b pHC28a	genderp8out	Gender Child Outside Hsd 8	ves	no	()
	priczoa	Benderhoodt	•	yes		ų	·	<u> </u>	·/
нс	pHC28b	MMagep8out	Age last birthday Child Outside Hsd 8	yes	no				
		ų	S1. Are you the biological			ų	PC S1 Are you the biological		
HC .	pHC30	MS1	parent of baby?	yes	no	bpc2S1	parent of child	yes	no
нс	sHC30	FS1	S1. Are you the biological parent of baby?	yes	no	bsc2S1	SC S1 Are you the biological parent of child	yes	no
		1	S2. Are you the adoptive			1	PC S2 Are you the adoptive parent		
HC	pHC31a	MS2	parent of baby?	yes	no	bpc2S2	of child	yes	no
		ų	S2. Are you the adoptive			ų	SC S2 Are you the adoptive parent		
HC .	sHC31a	FS2	parent of baby?	yes	no	bsc2S2	of child	yes	no
		ų	S3. Was that a domestic or		ľ	ų –	PC S3 Domestic or inter-country		l
нс	pHC31b	MS3	an inter-country adoption?	yes	no	bpc2S3	adoption	yes	no
		l	S3. Was that a domestic or			1	SC S3 Domestic or inter-country		
HC	sHC31b	FS3	an inter-country adoption?	yes	no	bsc2S3	adoption	yes	no
		1	S4. Was that a within family			1	PC S4 Was that a within family		
нс	pHC31c	MS4	adoption?	yes	no	bpc2S4	adoption?	yes	no
		1	S4. Was that a within family			l	SC S4 Was that a within family		

Growing up in Ireland – 3 yr olds (Wave 2 of Infant Cohort)

	Name	Туре	Width	Decimals	Label	Values	Missing
85	bpc2C8c	Numeric	2	0	C8c. A public health nurse - times seen or talked with	{6, 6 or mor	98,99
86	bpc2C8d	Numeric	2	0	C8d. A practice nurse (i.e. a nurse in a GP's surgery/clinic) - times	{6, 6 or mor	98,99
87	bpc2C8e	Numeric	2	0	C8e. A psychiatrist/psychologist - times seen or talked with	{3, 3 or mor	98,99
88	bpc2C8f	Numeric	2	0	C8f. Accident and Emergency - times seen or talked with	{6, 6 or mor	98,99
89	bpc2C8g	Numeric	2	0	C8g. A social worker - times seen or talked with	{3, 3 or mor	98,99
90	bpc2C9a	Numeric	1	0	C9a. Has <child> received a course of antibiotics in the past 12 mo</child>	{1, yes}	8,9
91	bpc2C9b	Numeric	2	0	C9b. In total, how many courses of antibiotics has <child> received</child>	{12, 12 or m	98,99
92	bpc2C10	Numeric	3	0	C10. Since the time of the last interview in MM/YY, approximately \ldots	(30, 30 or m	998, 999
93	bpc2C11	Numeric	1	0	C11. Has <child> ever had an accident or injury that required hospit</child>	{1, yes}	8,9
94	bpc2C12	Numeric	2	0	C12. How many separate accidents has <child> ever had that requi</child>	{3, 3 or mor	98,99
95	bpc2C13	Numeric	2	0	C13. How many of these accidents involved bone fractures or breaks?	{1, 1 or mor	98,99
96	bpc2C14	Numeric	1	0	C14. Sight problem requiring correction?	{1, Yes, cur	8,9
97	bpc2C15	Numeric	1	0	C15. Hearing problem requiring correction?	{1, Yes, cur	8,9
98	bpc2C16a	Numeric	1	0	C16a. You couldn't afford to pay	{1, yes}	8,9
99	bpc2C16b	Numeric	1	0	C16b. The necessary medical care wasn't available or accessible $t \ldots$	{1, yes}	8,9
100	bpc2C16c	Numeric	1	0	C16c. You could not take time off work to visit the doctor with <child></child>	{1, yes}	8,9
101	bpc2C16d	Numeric	1	0	C16d. You wanted to wait and see if the problem got better	{1, yes}	8,9
102	bpc2C16e	Numeric	1	0	C16e. Child refused/fear of doctor	{1, yes}	8,9
103	bpc2C16f	Numeric	1	0	C16f. Child is still on the waiting list	{1, yes}	8,9
104	bpc2C16g	Numeric	1	0	C16g. Other reason	{1, yes}	8,9
105	bpc2C17	Numeric	1	0	C17. Do you have any concerns about how <child> talks and mak</child>	{1, No}	8,9
106	bpc2C18a	Numeric	1	0	C18a. Reluctant to speak	{0, No}	8,9
107	bpc2C18b	Numeric	1	0	C18b. Speech not clear to the family	{0, No}	8,9
108	bpc2C18c	Numeric	1	0	C18c. Speech not clear to others	{0, No}	8,9
100	ha - 2010 J	h lu una a ui a	1	0	040 d Cassada is developing also de	(O_NL=)	0.0







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In the News...

Better-off women more likely to drink alcohol in pregnancy

Growing Up in Ireland study: Data reveals one in 10 smoked while expecting a baby





The study showed if a woman's partner continued to smoke during the pregnancy, the mother was 70 per cent less likely to quit. Photograph: Thinkstock

Rachel Flaherty	Topics: News Health Child Health James R	eilly
	Richard Layte CHILD Economic & Social Res	search Institute
	Denmark Europe	•
Thu, Jan 15, 2015, 00:01 💌 🛐	Recommend (187 YTweet (67 8+1 4	\$ \$

Women with higher levels of income and education are more likely to drink alcohol weekly during their pregnancy, new figures have shown.

While more than one in 10 mothers (13 per cent) smoked all the way through their pregnancy, there was an increased risk of smoking linked to being poor and having lower levels of education.

The findings are from a new report, Maternal Health Behaviours and Child Growth in Infancy, published as part of the Growing Up in Ireland study.

www.irishtimes.com/news/health/better-off-women-more-likely-to-drink-alcohol-inpregnancy-1.2066232



Selecting a Dataset

- Increasing amount of information on webpage:
 - Doodle Den: http://www.ucd.ie/issda /data/doodleden/



Evaluation of the Effectiveness of the Childhood Development Initiative's Doodle Den Literacy Programme





Accessing Datasets

- * Application forms and end-user licenses available on website
- * Received by post or as scan to ISSDA
- * Details checked
- Dataset supplied by secure email (HEAnet's FileSender)

TERMS OF USE

- To ensure that the means of access to the data collections (such as passwords) are kept secure and not disclosed to a third party (excluding those listed in Appendix 1) except by special written permission or licence obtained from the ISSDA.
- Not to use the data collections to attempt to obtain or derive information relating specifically to an identifiable individual or household.
- To be aware at all times of the risk of inadvertently disclosing information, which might result in the identification of an individual. All use of the data and production of all analysis and output should be sensitive to this risk.
- To undertake to abide by the conditions laid out in the Statistics Act, 1993, and, in particular, Section 34 thereof. Please see http://www.irishstatutebook.ie/1993/en/act/pub/0021/index.html
- 8. To acknowledge, in any work based in whole or part on resources provided by the ISSDA, the original data creators, depositors or copyright holders and the ISSDA, and to declare, in any such work, that those who carried out the original analysis and collection of the data bear no responsibility for the further analysis or interpretation of it.



General information on how to access data

- "In the verbal fluency task, data is presented that indicates how many animals were named in one minute. I wonder if data is available which gives a breakdown of the actual animals recalled, in what order and what timeframe within the one minute" (TILDA)
- * "Please can I access the following variables relating to measured BMI..." (SLAN)
- * "When will the second round of the child cohort data be made available?" (GUI)



FAQs: General





FAQs: GUI

Using the data

Q. There is so much information in the Anonymised Microdata File - how do I get started using the data?

A. The first step is to look through the paper versions the questionnaires which are available to download from the Growing Up in Ireland website http://www.growingup.ie/index.php?id=7. These are much easier to navigate than the datafile – they are divided into sections by topic and clearly show the routing of the questions.

Q. There are two versions of the file provided for the Infant Cohort, with different variable naming conventions – Convention A and Convention B – which one should I use?

A. Variable naming convention A was developed at Wave 1 and the variable names link back to the paper questionnaires. You can use this convention if you know you are only interested in doing analysis on one wave of data and do not intend to match the two waves.

If you do intend to match the two waves of data to do cross-wave analysis, variable naming convention B is better suited to this type of analysis. Variable names are not linked to the questionnaires. Any variables which are asked in both waves will have the same core variable name with wave one prefixed with 'a' and wave two prefixed with 'b'.



ISSDA's Users

- Researchers working on academic, non-profit, and consultancy projects
 - Masters, PhDs, Postdocs, academics
- * Undergraduates (e.g. economics, psychology, sociology)
- * Academics for teaching purposes
- Government departments/agencies
- * International demand for Irish data
 - * UK, USA and other EU countries
- Discipline areas wide
 ISSPA ocial sciences, business/commerce, psychology, public health, engineering, agriculture, etc.

Selection of Projects

- * Examination of the impact of working arrangements on family life in Ireland
- Exploration of rural ageing in Ireland today. The focus will be on the social, health and economic lives of older adults living in different kinds of rural settings and where appropriate different kinds of residential environments.
- * Research on the social stratification of early childhood care and education
- Data will be used to examine the relationship between social advantage and involvement in sport and physical activity amongst disadvantaged groups in Ireland
- The data is to be used for the analysis of market trends and familial change before and during the economic crisis
- I intend to use the GUI data to analyse children's attitudes to Irish language learning in order to contextualise my PhD study which aims to develop a new approach to teaching the Irish language.



Selection of Projects

- * We want to analyse how household spending responds to actual and anticipated labour market and income shocks. This involves constructing a pseudo panel dataset from the various SILC waves to analyse how similar households respond to shocks over time.
- * I plan to use the HBS data along with price indices from the CSO to calculate a set of inflation rates for different subsets of the population and to carry out inequality analysis also. The end date of the project would be 2016
- QNHS data will be used for (a) research project on personal mobility and the economic crisis (funded by internal TCD funds) and (b) changing employment and migration since 2006 (continuation with internal TCD funds of project funded 2013-14 by the Irish Research Council)



Teaching Use

REGISTER OF USE

.1.

The data may be used for the purpose of teaching for the duration of the module/workshop. Data must be re-applied for each time the module/workshop is run.

Name of Institution/Organisation/Company	
с . <i>,</i>	
Name of Module/Workshop Coordinator	
Name of Module/Workshop	
Date of Module/Workshop	
Number of Expected Attendees	
Brief Description of the Module/Workshop	


Visualising Data

- Data visualisation services increasingly being provided by data archives / services
 - * Healthwell, CSO, UK Data Service
- * Open source data visualisation tools
 - http://selection.datavisualization.ch/
 - * http://libguides.ucd.ie/software



Palladio: networks and links http://palladio.designhumanities.org/

Examples of data:		
Correct		
First name, Last name, John, Doe, 28 Jane, Smith, 35	Age	
correct (missing header):	How should Dat	tes be entered?
John, Doe, 28 Jane, Smith, 35	rendered as 0001 or 0999	n the following format Year-Month-Day (2014-01-01). Years must always be rendered as four digit integers. Thus years between 0 CE and 1000 CE should still be 9. Negative dates should follow the same format, but preceded by a minus sign (ie200-01-01). If using Excel, be sure to specify that the column reads as "Text" rathe doesn't change the dates into its own (non-Palladio friendly) format.
correct (two headers with the		ordinates be entered? nust be rendered as latitude and longitude, separated by a comma. For example: 41.95, 12.5. This Geocoding tool may be of help for those who have a list of place nan
Name, Name, Age John, Doe, 28		ates: http://sandbox.idre.ucla.edu/geocoder/ g Data for a Simple Map for more information about creating and entering coordinates information. Download PDF
Jane, Smith, 35		
Incorrect (special characters in	the header):	
First_Name, Last-Name,	Age	
John, Doe, 28 Jane, Smith, 35		



OTHER ARCHIVES, PORTALS AND SOURCES



Irish Qualitative Data Archive: www.iqda.ie

¥* 🏊	Maynooth University				Search	Q
	National University of Ireland Maynooth	Research	Study at Maynooth	Cam	ipus Life	Engage with Us

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Print

Irish Qualitative Data Archive

Home / IQDA





Central Statistics Office

CSO: www.cso.ie

* Statbank:

http://www.cso.ie/px/px eirestat/statire/SelectTab le/Omrade0.asp?Plangua ge=0 #

* Statbank tutorial: http://www.cso.ie/en/ne wsandevents/youtubevi deos/statbanktutorial/





Data.gov.ie



What data can be found here?

Data.gov.ie is a searchable directory of datasets that are published on the websites of Irish public sector bodies.

The portal was initially populated through a review of the websites of *government departments* and *state bodies*. This initial audit did not include the websites of *local authorities* and *state-sponsored bodies* (An Post, RTE, Bord na Móna, etc.).

Datasets are listed on the portal if they are available in a machine-processable form that allows re-use and re-processing of the data. This excludes datasets that are only available in PDF and Word format.

Additional Irish Sources

- * Ageing in Ireland www.agestats.ie/
- * Public health <u>www.thehealthwell.info/</u>
- * Health www.hiqa.ie/healthcare/healthinformation/data-collections/online-catalogue
- * Children <u>www.dcya.gov.ie/inventory-of-data-</u> <u>sources-on-childrens-lives/</u>



UK Data Archive www.data-archive.ac.uk/

- Users from outside the UK can register and access most data in the UK Data Service's <u>Data Catalogue</u>
- * To register, a username and password are required
- Due to the data redistribution licence agreements with dataset providers/service funders, registration will not permit non-UK users access to a small number of datasets



Council of European Social Science Data Archives

www.cessda.org

- * An umbrella organisation for social science data archives across Europe.
- The <u>CESSDA Catalogue</u> enables users to locate datasets, as well as questions or variables within datasets, stored at archives throughout Europe.
- Data collections include sociological surveys, election studies, longitudinal studies, opinion polls, and census data from the European Social Survey, the Eurobarometers, and the International Social Survey Programme among others

CESSDA Keyword Search on Age Discrimination

(A) Cessdo

HERENCE AND INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES	^	English 💌	Help on Searching Da	ata Contact
SOCIAL STRATIFICATION AND GROUPINGS SOCIAL WELFARE POLICY AND SYSTEMS SOCIETY AND CULTURE TRADE, INDUSTRY AND MARKETS TRANSPORT, TRAVEL AND MOBILITY Browse by Keyword		Search Term: AGE DISCRIMINATION Synonyms: AGEISM		
CUSTOMS AND TRADITIONS		Study Section Variable Variable	Study	Archive
DAMAGE		[e55] Kuinka vakavaa mielestänne nuoriin tai vanhoihin kohdistuva ikäsyrjintä Suomessa on?	European Social Survey 2008: Suomen aineisto	FSD
DETERIORATION	=	R think there is more age discrimination in GB now than there was 5yrs ago?: Q656 $% \left(\mathcal{A}^{2}\right) =\left(\mathcal{A}^{2}\right) \left(\mathcal{A}^{2}\right)$	British Social Attitudes Survey, 2009	UKDA
DEVELOPMENT DIET AND NUTRITION DISABILITIES		R think there is more age discrimination against older workers in GB now than there was 5yrs ago?: Q657 $$	British Social Attitudes Survey, 2009	UKDA
		R think there is more age discrimination against younger workers in GB now than there was 5yrs ago? :Q658	British Social Attitudes Survey, 2009	UKDA
		Q27 WORK: AGE DISCRIMINATION	Eurobarometer 44.2 Working Conditions in the European Union November 1995 -January 1996	GESIS ZACAT
DISABILITY DISCRIMINATION		Discrimination of respondent's group: age	[ESS03]² Evropska družboslovna raziskava 2002/2003	ADP
DISCRIMINATION AGAINST HOMOSEXUALS		Discrimination of respondent's group: age	[ESS08]² Evropska družboslovna raziskava 2008	ADP
		Discrimination of respondent's group: age	[ESS03] ² European Social Survey 2002/2003	ADP
NEPOTISM		Discrimination of respondent's group: age	[ESS08]² European Social Survey 2008	ADP
Gracial Discrimination Gracial Discrimination Gracial Structure Sector Structure		YP: Whether bullying was motivated by racism, sexism, ageism, discrimination due to disability or sexual orientation	Longitudinal Study of Young People in England: Waves One to Seven, 2004-2010	UKDA
		1-10 of 130 Next ▶		



Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research (ICPSR)

- World's largest archive of digital social science data
 - www.icpsr.umich.edu/
- * ISSDA subscribes for all RoI Universities
- Create a MyData account to be able to download data as an ICPSR member



Search Examples

- * By topic e.g. income health china
- * By variable e.g. read newspapers, political party, volunteer; body mass, difficulty walking
- By specific research question (using natural language) e.g. Does health insurance change the use of medical services? Or broken down by concept e.g. income health china

* By specific dataset e.g. "World Values Survey"



Variable Search Example

Find & Analyze Data

Irish Social Science Data Archive

	Find Data Search/Co	mpare Variables	Find Publications	Resources for Students	Get Help	
f ilter Results F ime Period (YYY to YYYY Go	Variable Sear Use the search box below read newspapers, politi	to revise your searc		<u>1</u> .		
	Results 1 - 17		Results per page: 25 🔻]	Sort by: Relevance	T
	Compare Clear All Name Label/Question SECACT1	eating or caring fo	you were (REPEAT ACTI ⁾ r children) (<u>view det</u> a	vITY) did you do anything else? <u>ills)</u> 999-2001 - Time Diary Data.	(like talking, reading, watchi	ng TV, listening to the radio,
	SECACT2	2nd secondary act At any time while y eating or caring for	ivity you were (REPEAT ACTI) r children) (<u>view deta</u>	vITY) did you do anything else?	(like talking, reading, watchi	ng TV, listening to the radio,

Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International (IPUMS): https://international.ipums.org/international/

- IPUMS-International is a project dedicated to collecting and distributing census data from around the world. Its goals are to:
 - Collect and preserve data and documentation
 - * Harmonise data
 - * Disseminate the data absolutely free!
- * Ireland (C.S.O.) has contributed 9 census samples
 - * 2011, 2006, 2002, 1996, 1991, 1986, 1981, 1979 and 1971



Popular Variables

Top Ten	11 to 20	21 to 30
Educational attainment	School attendance	Water supply
Marital status	Occupation, ISCO	Children surviving
Employment status	Literacy	Electricity
Relationship to head	Industry, general recode	Sewage
Age	Country of birth	Migration status, 5 years
Sex	Nativity status	Earned income
Class of worker	Children ever born	Total income
Years of schooling	Occupation, unrecoded	Spouse's location in hh
Ownership of dwelling	Industry, unrecoded	Number of rooms
Urban-rural status	Religion	Toilet



Data Harmonisation

Marital Status: IPUMS-International

Bangladesh 2011

- 1 = Unmarried
- 2 = Married
- 3 = Widowed

Mexico 1970

- 1 = Married, civil & relig
- 2 = Married, civil
- 3 = Married, religious

4 = Divorced/separated 4 = Consensual union

- 5 = Widowed
- 6 = Divorced
- 7 = Separated
- 8 = Single

- Kenya 1999
- 1 = Never married
- 2 = Monogamous
- 3 = Polygamous
- 4 = Widowed
- 5 = Divorced
- 6 = Separated



Recent papers using IPUMS-I data

- Occupational Segregation of Afro-Latinos
- Cross-National Comparison of Internal Migration Age Profiles
- Changing Household Patterns of Young Couples in Low- and Middle-Income Countries
- Malaria Eradication in the Americas: A Retrospective Analysis of Childhood Exposure
- Local Economic Conditions and Participation in the Rwandan Genocide



International Data Providers

- * WHO:http://www.who.int/gho/database/en/
- * World Bank: http://data.worldbank.org/
- * http://www.ucd.ie/issda/help/otherdataarchives/



Zanran: www.zanran.com



✓ GRAPHS ✓ TABLES ✓ REPORTS

Anywhere

🔹 🔻 12 months

🔻 👘 Any file type 👘 👻

C

Data & statistics on housing ireland -northern - 1828 results

FLEX	DNS
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AFILIAS LIMITED (IRELAND CORPORATION) 2 LA TOUCHE HOUSE IFSC, DUBLIN, IRELAND 1

www.uspto.gov/web/trademarks/tmog/20131029_URC.pdf ireland

Oct 2013 | United States Patent and Trademark Office URL



Irish house completions (000s) Source: Irish Department of Finance & Irish Department of Environment www.bankofireland.com/includes/about_us_new/pdfs/overview.pdf Irish house prices still falling, rents may have bottomed Change from peak ... significantly 2010(f) 2011(f) 2012(f) 2013(f) 2014(f) Graph shows: Irish house completions ... Private sector rents may have bottomed 03q1 03q2 03q3 03q4 04q1 04q2 04q3 04q4 05q1 05q2 05q3 05q4 06q1 06q2 06q3 06q4 07q1 07q2 07q3 07q4 08q1 08q2 08q3 08q4 09q1 09q2 09q3 09q4 10q1 (iv) Deflation may be coming to an end • The Irish CPI Jan 2014 I www.bankofireland.com – 17 more results from this site IRI



Using Google to Locate Data

- * children ireland dataset OR "data archive" OR "data portal"
- * Gender dataset OR "data archive" OR "data portal"
- * migration dataset OR "data archive" OR "data portal"



Contact Details

ISSDA: www.issda.ie

Email: issda@ucd.ie

Julia Barrett, Research Services

Manager, UCD Library

Julia.barrett@ucd.ie

Guide: http://libguides.ucd.ie/data

ISSDA

Ireland's centre for quantitative data acquisition, preservation, and dissemination.

Established in 2000, ISSDA's mission is to ensure wide access to quantitative datasets in the social sciences, and to advance the promotion of international comparative studies of the Irish economy and Irish society. To this end it acquires data from academic, research bodies and public sector sources, supporting:

- Secondary use and analysis for research
- Teaching and learning use
- Replication and validation of research
- Archival preservation

At the broadest level, ISSDA collects anonymised microdata, i.e. data that arises from surveys or administrative records relating to individuals or groups of individuals that have been cleansed of personal identifiers or other information that may enable identification of individuals represented in a dataset. Datasets collected by ISSDA generally have an Irish geographic coverage.

Access A Wide Variety Of Key Datasets In The Social Sciences!

While based in UCD and managed by UCD Library, ISSDA is a national service that provides access to a wide range of data. Information about the data is available from



Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research (ICPSR)

ISSDA holds a national subscription to the ICPSR data archive. This means that if you are based in any Irish university (DCU, NUIG, NUIM, TCD, UCC, UCD, UL) you will have access to this data archive. The ICPSR is an international consortium of approximately 700 academic institutions and research organisations that maintains an archive of more than 500,000 data files in the political and social sciences. To access the ICPSR database, you will need to set up a MyData account, or alternatively log on with a facebook or gmail account:

https://www.icpsr.umich.edu/rpxlogin



