

Brendan Halpin February 19, 2024



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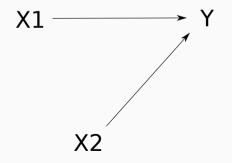
Multidimensional causality

- Regression analysis never proves causal relationships, but it "thinks" in causal terms
- To use it we need to understand causal relationships: what process generates the data we see, and what can regression tell us about it.
- Start by considering the relationship between variables and patterns of association



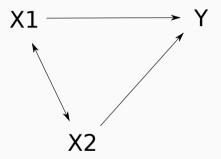
3-variable pictures

- Let's consider patterns of causality and association between three variables, X1 and X2, and Y
- If X1 and X2 are not correlated with each other, their separate effects on Y more or less just add up





• But if X1 and X2 are correlated, things can get funny:

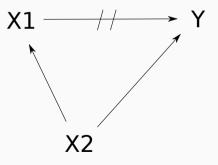


 In particular, if we measure the effect of one X without taking account of the other we will likely over-estimate it



Spurious association

- X1 may have an association with Y, implying a causal relationship
- But if X2 affects both X1 and Y the relationship between X1 and Y may be spurious



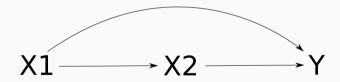


- Where there is a time-order (X1 before X2), we may see direct and indirect effects
- X1 may affect X2, which affects Y, but not affect Y directly
- Thus there is association between X1 and Y without a direct causal effect

$$X1 \longrightarrow X2 \longrightarrow Y$$



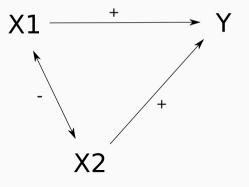
However, it is possible for both direct and indirect effects to be present at the same time





Suppression

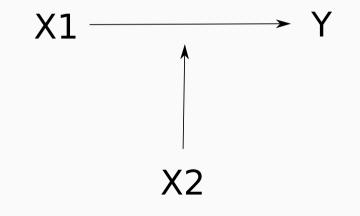
- Where X1 and X2 have positive effects on Y, but a negative correlation, or different effects on Y with a positive correlation, the association between X1 and Y may be suppressed
- That is, it may be invisible if we don't take account of X2





Interactions

• An interaction effect is where the effect of one variable on Y changes depending on the value of another





Multiple regression

- Regression analysis can be extended to the case where there is more than one explanatory variable – multivariate regression
- This allows us to estimate the net simultaneous effect of many variables, and thus to begin to disentangle more complex relationships
- Interpretation is relatively easy: each variable gets its own slope coefficient, standard error and significance
- The slope coefficient is the effect on the dependent variable of a 1 unit change in the explanatory variable, *while taking account of the other variables*



Example

- Example: income may be affected by gender, and also by paid work time: competing explanations one or the other, or both could have effects
- We can fit bivariate regressions:

 $Income = a + b \times PaidWork$

or

 $Income = a + b \times Female$

· We can also fit a single multivariate regression

Income = $a + b \times PaidWork + c \times Female$



- We deal with gender in a special way: this is a *binary* or *dichotomous* variable has two values
- We turn it into a yes/no or 0/1 variable e.g., female or not
- If we put this in as an explanatory variable a *one-unit change in the explanatory variable* is the difference between being male and female
- Thus the *c* coefficient we get in the *Income* = *a*+*b* × *PaidWork*+*c* × *Female* regression is the net change in predicted income for females, once you take account of paid work time.
- The *b* coefficient is then the net effect of a unit change in paid work time, once you take gender into account.

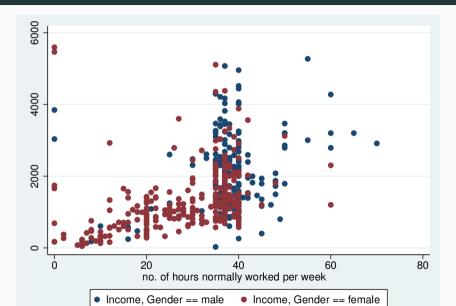


. corr Income Gender Hours (obs=506)

	Income Gender		Hours
Income	1.0000		
Gender	-0.3280	1.0000	
Hours	0.3638	-0.4360	1.0000



Income, hours and gender



T-test: Income by gender

. ttest Income, by(Gender)

Two-sample t test with equal variances

Group	Obs	Mean	Std. Err.	Std. Dev.	[95% Conf.	Interval]
male female	437 531	1618.348 992.1805	59.11677 40.82127	1235.809 940.6625	1502.159 911.9892	1734.537 1072.372
combined	968	1274.861	36.23219	1127.281	1203.759	1345.964
diff		626.1674	70.00484		488.7883	763.5465
diff = Ho: diff =	= mean(male) = O	- mean(fen	nale)	degrees	t of freedom	010110
	ff < 0 = 1.0000	Pr(Ha: diff != T > t) = (iff > 0) = 0.0000



. reg Income Hours

Source	SS	df	MS	Number	of obs	=	506
				- F(1, 5	04)	=	76.86
Model	86947928.8	1	86947928.8	B Prob >	F	=	0.0000
Residual	570128215	504	1131206.78	8 R-squa	red	=	0.1323
				- Adj R-	squared	l =	0.1306
Total	657076144	505	1301140.88	B Root M	SE	=	1063.6
Income	Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% (Conf.	Interval]
Hours	37.82204	4.314061	8.77	0.000	29.346	528	46.2978
_cons	449.7435	150.1722	2.99	0.003	154.7	03	744.7841



Regression: Hours and binary gender

. reg Income Hours i.Gender

Source	SS	df	MS	Number	r of obs	=	506
				F(2, 5	503)	=	50.70
Model	110236231	2	55118115.6	Prob >	> F	=	0.0000
Residual	546839912	503	1087156.88	R-squa	ared	=	0.1678
				Adj R.	-squared	=	0.1645
Total	657076144	505	1301140.88	Root M	ISE	=	1042.7
Income	Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% C	onf.	[Interval]
Hours	28.33857	4.699451	6.03	0.000	19.10	56	37.57155
Gender							
female	-478.4214	103.3684	-4.63	0.000	-681.50	34	-275.3344
_cons	1022.139	192.2717	5.32	0.000	644.38	44	1399.893



. reg Income Hours if Gender==1

Source	SS	df	MS	Number of ob	s =	232
				F(1, 230)	=	5.36
Model	8009519.02	1	8009519.02	Prob > F	=	0.0215
Residual	343845612	230	1494980.92	R-squared	=	0.0228
				Adj R-square	d =	0.0185
Total	351855131	231	1523182.38	Root MSE	=	1222.7
Income	Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t [95%	Conf.	Interval]
Hours	24.61855	10.63597	2.31	0.022 3.662	162	45.57495
_cons	1164.366	414.4901	2.81	0.005 347.6	826	1981.049



. reg Income Hours if Gender==2

Source	SS	df	MS	Number	of obs	=	274
				F(1, 27	72)	=	42.63
Model	31772944.2	1	31772944.2	Prob >	F	=	0.0000
Residual	202744304	272	745383.469	R-squar	red	=	0.1355
				Adj R-s	quared	=	0.1323
Total	234517248	273	859037.537	Root MS	SE	=	863.36
Income	Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% C	onf.	Interval]
Hours	29.70376	4.549594		0.000	20.746		38.66065
_cons	504.6153	140.3614	3.60	0.000	228.28	24	780.9482



. reg Income c.Hours##i.Gender

Source	SS	df	MS	Number		=	506
				F(3, 50		=	33.82
Model	110486228	3	36828742.8	Prob >	F	=	0.0000
Residual	546589915	502	1088824.53	R-squar	ed	=	0.1681
				Adj R-s	quared	=	0.1632
Total	657076144	505	1301140.88	Root MS	Е	=	1043.5
Income	Coef.	Std. Erm	r. t	P> t	[95%	Conf.	Interval]
Hours	24.61855	9.076915	5 2.71	0.007	6.788	5132	42.45198
Gender female	-659.7502	392.3082	2 -1.68	0.093	-1430	. 518	111.0181
Gender#c.Hours female	5.085207	10.61258	5 0.48	0.632	-15.76	3529	25.9357
_cons	1164.366	353.7327	7 3.29	0.001	469.3	3865	1859.345



. reg ownscore fatherscore

Source	SS	df	MS	Numbe	r of obs	=	1,000
				- F(1, 9	998)	=	53.50
Model	13269.3853	1	13269.3853	B Prob	> F	=	0.0000
Residual	247525.861	998	248.021905	6 R-squa	ared	=	0.0509
				- Adj R	-squared	=	0.0499
Total	260795.247	999	261.056303	B Root I	ISE	=	15.749
ownscore	Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% C	onf.	Interval]
fatherscore	.2370829	.032413	7.31	0.000	. 17347	73	.3006884
_cons	37.90861	1.672157	22.67	0.000	34.627	26	41.18996



. reg education fatherscore

Source	SS	df	MS	Number of obs	=	1,000
				F(1, 998)	=	111.01
Model	311.104929	1	311.104929	Prob > F	=	0.0000
Residual	2797.00607	998	2.80261129	R-squared	=	0.1001
				Adj R-squared	=	0.0992
Total	3108.111	999	3.11122222	Root MSE	=	1.6741
education	Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t [95% C	onf.	Interval]
fatherscore	.0363018	.0034455	10.54	0.000 .02954	05	.0430631
_cons	1.295213	.1777516	7.29	0.000 .94640	35	1.644023



. reg ownscore education

Source	SS	df	MS	Number of	obs =	1,000
				· F(1, 998)) =	447.54
Model	80742.8091	1	80742.8091	Prob > F	=	0.0000
Residual	180052.437	998	180.413264	R-squared	1 =	0.3096
				- Adj R-squ	ared =	0.3089
Total	260795.247	999	261.056303	Root MSE	=	13.432
ownscore	Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t [9	95% Conf.	Interval]
education	5.096871	.2409273	21.16	0.000 4.	624089	5.569653
_cons	33.87079	.8556481	39.58	0.000 32	2.19171	35.54986



. reg ownscore education fatherscore

Source	SS	df	MS		of ob	s =	1,000
				F(2, 9	97)	=	226.41
Model	81453.7212	2	40726.8606	Prob >	F	=	0.0000
Residual	179341.525	997	179.881169	R-squa	red	=	0.3123
				Adj R-	square	d =	0.3109
Total	260795.247	999	261.056303	Root M	ISE	=	13.412
ownscore	Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95%	Conf.	Interval]
education	4.937369	.2535982	19.47	0.000	4.439	722	5.435017
fatherscore	.0578475	.0290984	1.99	0.047	.0007	463	.1149486
_cons	31.51367	1.461439	21.56	0.000	28.64	582	34.38152

